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# WEBSTER VOLUNTARY COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Minden, Louisiana

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2006

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 8-14-06

Marsha O. Millican Certified Public Accountant Shreveport, Louisiana

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# June 30, 2006

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc. Minden, Louisiana

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc., as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006 which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc., management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc. as of June 30, 2006, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis presented on pages 3 through 11 and the supplementary financial information required by GASB 34 on pages 41 through 45 and supplementary financial information required by GOEA on pages 46 and 47, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, I have also issued a report dated July 21, 2006 on my consideration of Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Governmental Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of my audit.

Marka D. Millican
Certified Public Accountant

July 21, 2006

# Webster Parish Council On Aging

P.O. Box 913 Minden, Louisiana 71058-0913 Phones (318) 371-3056 or (318) 371-3057 1-800-256-2853 FAX (318) 371-3070

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

This section of the Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc. 's annual financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2006. Please read it in conjunction with the Council's financial statements, which follow this section.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Council showed a net decrease in overall net assets of \$16,025 this year.
- Net Capital Assets of the Council decreased by \$9,466 due to depreciation for the year.
- No deficit fund balances exist at year end.
- Investments decreased by \$20,659 this year.
- The unreserved, undesignated fund balance for the Council's General Fund was \$356,263 at year-end, which is a \$7,801 decrease from the prior year.

### HOW TO USE THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on pages 12 and 13) provide information about the activities of the Council as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Council's finances. Fund financial statements begin on page 14. For governmental activities, in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Council's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Council's most significant funds.

Our auditor has provided assurance in her independent auditor's report, located immediately after this Management's Discussion and Analysis, that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. The auditor is providing varying degrees of assurance about Supplementary Financial Information Required by GASB Statement 34

and Supplementary Financial Information Required by GOEA and OMB Circular A-133 that follow later in this reporting package. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each part of the financial section of the report.

Reporting the Council as a Whole Using Government-Wide Statements Our analysis of the Council as a whole begins on page 7. An important question to ask about the Council's finances is, "Is the Council as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (referred to collectively as the Government-Wide Financial Statements) report information about the Council as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Government-Wide statements can be found on pages 12 to 13 and report the Council's net assets and changes in them. Some of the net assets are restricted which means they can only be used for a specific purpose. The Statement of Net Assets is designed to present the financial position of the Council as of year-end. Over time, increases or decreases in the Council's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating. However, to assess the overall financial position of the Council, you will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, such as the condition of the Council's capital assets and facilities, the addition or termination of grants and other revenue sources, and the expansion or contraction of programs and services.

The Statement of Activities provides information that shows how the Council's net asset changed as a result of this year's activities. All of the Council's significant activities are reported in the Activities. Statement οf These activities include Administration function and a Health, Welfare, and Social Services The Health, Welfare, and Social Services function is comprised of various programs that include various supportive social services, nutritional services, utility assistance, and disease prevention and health promotion. All activities of the are considered to be governmental activities. governmental activity is one where the Council uses money receives from government grants and contracts, along with donations from the general public, to pay for the services it provides to the general public, or a segment of the general public, such as the elderly. In other words, the people benefitting from the services are not required to pay for what they receive. If the Council

charged fees to cover all or most of the cost of providing a service, that activity would be classified as a business-type activity. The Council does not have any business-type activities.

# Reporting the Council's Most Significant Funds using Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the Council's major funds begins on page 7. The Fund Financial Statements can be found on pages 14 to 16 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds not the Council as a whole. In the Fund Financial Statements you will see a General Fund and a variety of Special Revenue Funds. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of revenue sources that are legally restricted expenditure for specified purposes. By using separate funds to track revenues and expenditures, we can control and manage funds for particular purposes or we can show that the fund is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain grants and other money.

The General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are considered governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using accounting method called the modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to The governmental fund statements provide a cash. detailed short-term view of the Council's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Council's programs. We have presented the difference between the net assets of governmental activities and the fund balances of the governmental funds in a reconciliation at the bottom of the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds. In addition, difference between the change in net assets for governmental funds and the change in net assets for governmental activities has been presented in a reconciliation on page that follows the Statement of Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the Governmental Funds.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 17 to 41. You should read the notes before making assumptions or drawing conclusions about the Council's financial condition.

# Supplementary Financial Information Required by GASD Statement 34

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34 requires budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and each <u>major</u> Special Revenue Fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The schedules compare the original and final appropriated budgets' to actual budget results for the Council's fiscal year. We have also opted to present positive and negative variances between the final budget and actual amounts.

Major funds are those funds whose revenues, expenditures, assets, or liabilities are at least 10% of corresponding totals for all governmental funds. In addition, a major fund could be a fund that does not meet these criteria but which we believe is important to present for the Council's financial statement users.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is also required supplementary information (RSI) by GASB Statement 34. However, it is presented as the first item in this reporting package and not with the other RSI by GASB Statement 34.

# Other Supplementary Financial Information Required by GOEA and OMB Circular A-133

The Council has also presented other required supplemental information in this report package.

The Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) has required the Council to present as schedules the information on pages 46 to 47. This information will be used by GOEA to verify the accuracy of information the Council submitted to it during the year and to help GOEA monitor certain compliance requirements set forth in the grants that it has with the Council.

# AN ANALYSIS OF THE COUNCIL AS A WHOLE USING GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table reflects condensed information on the Council's net assets for the year ended June 30,

	2006	2005
Current and other assets Capital Assets, net of depreciation Total Assets	\$ 356,462 44,134 400,596	\$ 364,263 53,600 417,863
Compensated Absences Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	8,044 - 8,044	9,286  9,286
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Assets	44,134 5,702 <u>342,716</u> \$ 392,552	53,600 12,837 342,140 \$ 408,577

As of June 30, 2006, the Council "as a whole" had assets greater than its liabilities by \$392,552.

The net assets that have been invested in capital assets are presented net of any related outstanding debt incurred to acquire them. For June 30, 2006, there is no debt that has been subtracted from the capital asset amounts. Our policy is to acquire capital assets by paying cash and avoiding debt. This policy helps to assure us that decreases in the Council's future revenues won't impact its ability to provide a certain level of service to our clients and program participants.

The liability for compensated absences represents what the Council would owe to its employees as of year-end for unused vacation leave. If employee vacation patterns are similar from year to year and if the number of employees remains about the same, then the amount owed at year-end will not change very much from year to year. This liability could adversely affect the Council's financial position if we were to have to lay off a significant portion of our workforce. This event would trigger the immediate payment of unused vacation to the terminated employees resulting in the Council having to use unrestricted net assets to make the payments.

For the year ended June 30, changes in net assets are as follows:

Revenues	2006	2005
Program Revenues:		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 496,872	\$ 515,782
General Revenues:		
Unrestricted Grants and Contributions	49,580	89,691
Other General Revenues	8,015	6,238
Total Revenues	554,467	611,711
Direct Program Expenses of the Health,		
Welfare, and Social Services Function:		
Supportive Services:		
Recreation	32,734	30,505
Homemaker	58,825	56,705
Information and Assistance	4,887	4,412
Legal Assistance	3,085	3,584
Outreach	4,596	2,282
Transportation	30,393	33,267
Nutrition Services:		
Congregate Meals	93,077	96,130
Home Delivered Meals	129,583	134,171
Utility Assistance	7,058	6,211
Disease Prevention and Health Promotion	2,900	3,129
National Family Caregiver Support	23,893	25,273
Direct Administration Expenses	<u>179,461</u>	193,410
Total Expenses	570,492	589,079
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$( 16,025)	<u>\$ 22,632</u>

### AN ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Most of the Council's activities are funded by federal, state, and local grants. These grants amount to approximately 82% of the revenues of the Council in 2006. Some of these grants are restricted which means that the money can only be used in certain programs. The amount of funds available from most of the grants remains rather constant from year to year, however, some grant amounts may change based upon the level of service provided by the Council under the terms of the particular grant award.

The Council also receives donations from its clients and the general public. These revenues help to lessen the financial burden on the Council and allow it to maintain and expand services. Public support revenues represented 18% of the total revenues of 2006.

The Council invests idle funds and is able to earn some interest on this money each year. The investment earnings are used or accumulated as necessary to meet expenses each year.

When reviewing the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, there are relationships that are important to the understanding of the Council's operations. The Council's largest activities are related to supportive services and nutrition services. The Council's main focus is to meet the needs of the elderly citizens of Webster Parish. There is a high demand for these services; therefore, resources are channeled to meeting the demand.

# AN ANALYSIS OF THE COUNCIL'S FUNDS USING GOVERNMENTAL FUND - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Fund Balances

The Council showed a combined governmental fund balance of \$356,462 (as shown on the Fund Financial Statement's balance sheet at page 14) at the end of this year, which is an decrease of \$7,801 versus last year.

### Revenues

The combined fund revenues decreased \$57,244 this year versus last year, or 10%. This decrease was due mainly to a grant from Department of Transportation and Development of \$26,845 for the purchase of a van and the donation of a building from the Town of Cotton Valley for \$20,000 for 2005.

# Expenditures

Total expenditures decreased by \$74,271 this year, or 12%. A significant portion of this decrease was capital outlay of \$58,584 for 2005.

### AN ANALYSIS OF THE GENERAL FUND BUDGET

Over the course of this past fiscal year the budget was amended one time which was approved by the Board of Directors. The amendment effectively approves any expenditure that had already been incurred that exceeded its original budgeted amount. The primary reasons for amending the budget are to account for unanticipated changes in both revenues and expenditures and to prevent compliance violations under the Council's grants from GOEA.

You can find schedules of the original and amended budgets for the General Fund in the Supplementary Financial Information Required by GASB Statement 34 section of this report on pages 42 to 45. When you review the budget versus actual schedule, you will note that the favorable and unfavorable variances are not very large. This is a result of the budget amendment process, which allows us the opportunity to use hindsight to adjust the forecast that it made at the beginning of the year. With only two months left in the fiscal year at the time the budget is amended, the risk of a significant budget overrun is reduced because of our ability to more accurately predict what will occur over a shorter period of time versus a longer period of time.

### AN ANALYSIS OF CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the year, the Council had \$44,134 in fixed assets net of accumulated depreciation. This amounted to a net decrease of \$9,466 due to depreciation expense for the current year.

The Council does not have any long-term debt related to its capital assets and does not like to incur any as a matter of policy. We have already discussed the nature and effects of the compensated absence liability.

### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The council receives most of its funding from federal and state agencies. Because of this, the source of income for the Council However, some of the Council's grants and is rather steady. contracts are contingent upon the level of service provided by the Council, and therefore, revenues may vary from year to year. In setting its budget for fiscal year 2007, it was important that we deliver at least the same level of service to our clients and the public as we did in 2006. All of the Council's grants and contracts from the usual federal and state agencies have been approved for FY 2007. There have been no significant changes to funding levels or terms of the grants and contracts. Accordingly, we have set our initial budget to provide the same programs and levels of service next year. GOEA has also approved the Council's budget for next year. There are no plans to add any significant programs for next year.

### CONTACTING THE COUNCIL'S MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide government agencies and the general public an overview of the Council's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the money that it receives. If you have any questions about this report or wish to ask for more information, you should contact Mrs. Dathene Brown, the Council's Executive Director, at the Council's main office located at 316 McIntyre, Minden, Louisiana, or by phone at 318-371-3056.

# Government Wide Statement of Net Assets

# June 30, 2006

		rnmental <u>ivities</u>
Assets Cash Investments Grants and contracts receivable Prepaid insurance Capital assets, net of	\$	18,697 331,716 4,549 1,500
accumulated depreciation		44,134
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	400,596
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued compensated absences: Current portion Non-current portion	\$	- 1,287 6,757
Total liabilities	\$	8,044
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, net of debt Restricted for: Utility Assistance FEMA Unrestricted	\$	44,134 3,676 2,026 342,716
Total Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	392,552

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

WEBSTER VOLUNTARY COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

# GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year ended June 30, 2006

		נסף רוום דפט	בסיד רוום ושטר פווחנה סחוום להי להים	2007					
								Net (Expenses)	es)
								Revenues and	nd
								Increases	ø)
								(Decrease) in	n Net
					Progra	Program Revenues		Assets	
				Charges	w		Capital	Total	
				For	Opera	Operating Grants	Grants and	Governmental	tal
	Dire	Direct Expenses Ir	Indirect Expenses	ss Services		and Contributions	Contributions	Activities	es
ions/Programs									
vernmental Activities									
Health, Welfare & Social Services:									
Supporting Services:									
Recreation	s	32,734 \$	12,299	s	s	38,924	ı	(19)	6, 109)
Homemaker		58,825	21,836	I		70,942	•	. (6	9, 719)
Information and Assistance		4,887	1,730	1		5,813	,	_	804)
Legal Assistance		3,085	•	1		3,085	•	_	^ i
Outreach		4,596	1,630	1		5,469		~	757)
Transportation		30,393	11,272	1		36,111		3,4	5,554)
Nutrition Services:									
Congregate Meals		93,077	35,162	1		118,577	1	),6	9,662)
Home Delivered Meals		129,583	57,469	•		143,716		(43,336)	136)
Utility Assistance		7,058	1	1		6,963	•	2,1	2,905
Disease Prevention and Health Promotion		2,900	1,195	ı		3,978	1		(711
National Family Caregiver Support		23,893	9,441	•		32,867	•	_	467)
Administration	ļ	179,461	(152,034)			27,427	1		.
Total governmental activities	S	570,492 \$		\$	S.	496,872	\$	\$ ( 73,620)	520)
	Gene	General Revenues:							
	Gr.	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	ibutions not r	estricted	to speci:	Fic programs		49,	49,580
	M	Miscellaneous						8	8,015
		Total general	Total general revenues and special items	special i	cems			57	57,595
	Incr	Increase (Decrease) in net assets		SO LI				16,	16,025)
	Ne Z	assets n		year				408,577 s 392,552	408,577 392,552
	The	accompany	otes are an in	tegral pa:	t of thi	s statement,			
		1		1					

Functions/Programs
Governmental Activities
Health, Welfare & Social Services:
Supporting Services:
Recreation

Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, inc,	Balance Sheet	Govenmental Funds	June 30, 2006
e)5			

Total	\$ 18,697 331,716 4,549 1,153 1,500	\$ 357 <u>,615</u>	1,153	1,153	3,676	350,760	356,462	\$ 357,615
Non-Major Funds	4,549	\$ 5,702	1 1	,	3,676	1 - 1	5,702	\$ 5,702
ritle III C-2	1 ) 1 1 1 6	1	1 1	1	1 1 )	1 1	1	S
General Fund Title IIIB Title IIIC-1 Title III	1 1 1 1 i	t	1 1		1 1 1	1 1	1	) ()-
d Title IIIB	1 1 1 1 I	S	1 1	1	1 1 1	1 1	•	5
General Fun	\$ 18,697 331,716 -	\$ 351,913		1,153	1 1 1	350,760	350,760	<u> 351,913</u>
	Assets Cash Investments Grants and contracts receivable Due from other funds Prepaid insurance	Total Assets Liabilities and Fund Balances	Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds	Total Liabilities Fund Balances:	Reserved for: Utility assistance Nutrition assistance FEMA	Unreserved//Undesignated: General Fund Special Revenue Fund	Total Fund Balances	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances

- Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:
- Compensated absences are not paid for out of current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds

(8,044)

392,552

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

<u>REVENUES</u>	<u>General</u>	Supportive Services			Non-Major Funds	Total
Intergovernmental: Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs Webster Parish	\$18,506	\$ 92,283	\$ 84,139	\$ 92,630	\$ 134,859	\$ 422,417
Police Jury	26,300	~	-	~	_	26,300
Federal Emergency Food & Shelter	-44-	-	-	<del>-</del> -	2,000	2,000
Public Support: Unrestricted Restricted - Utility	23,280	-	_	_	-	23,280
Programs Client Contributions Miscellaneous		14,031	20,401	26,373	9,963 1,687	9,963 62,492 8,015
Total revenues	76,101	106,314	104,540	119,003	148,509	554,467
EXPENDITURES  Health, Welfare & Social Services Current:						
Salaries	-	119,877	49,461	60,870	43,363	273,571
Fringe	-	9,178	3,922	4,630	3,413	21,143
Travel	146 9,782	7,058 30,354	257 9,461	12,873 10,402	2,552 10,170	22,886
Operating services Operating supplies	9, 162	12,694	1,480	1,210	6,564	70,169 22,043
Other costs	20	79	395	419	211	1,104
Meals	<del>-</del>		60,337	83,957	_	144,294
Utility assistance	-	_	-	-	7,058	7,058
Capital outlay						<del>-</del>
Total expenditures	10,023	179,240	125,313	174,361	73,331	562,268
Excess (deficiency) of	:					
revenues over expenditures		( 72,926)	( 20,773)	(55,358)	75,178	( 7,801)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (U	ISES)	•				
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out		72,926 	20,773	55,358	1 ( <u>82,314</u> )	149,058 <u>( 149,058</u> )
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	( <b>66</b> 6)	-	-	-	( 7,135)	( 7,801)
<u>FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)</u> Beginning of year (deficit)	351,426	**			12,837	<u>364,263</u>
			_			
End of year	\$ <u>350,760</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	ş <u>-</u>	\$ 5,702	<u>\$ 356,462</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental
Funds to the Statement of Activities

### Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net Increase (Decrease) in fund balances total governmental funds \$( 7,801)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays (\$-) exceed depreciation (\$9,466) in the current period

(9,466)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated absences

1,242

Increase (Decrease) of net assets of governmental activities

\$ ( 16,025)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

# A. Purpose of the Council on Aging:

The purpose of the Council is to collect facts and statistics and make special studies of conditions pertaining to the employment, financial recreation, social adjustment, mental and physical health or other conditions affecting the welfare of the aging people in Webster Parish; to keep abreast of the developments in-these fields of throughout Louisiana and the United States: interpret its findings to the citizens of the parish; provide for a mutual exchange of ideas information on the parish and state level; to conduct public meetings to make recommendations for needed improvements and additional resources; to promote the welfare of aging people when requested to do so; to coordinate and monitor services of other local agencies serving the aging people of the parish; and to assist and cooperate with the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) other departments of state and local government serving the elderly; and to recommendations relevant to the planning and delivery of services to the elderly of the parish.

Specific services provided by the Council to the elderly residents of Webster Parish include providing congregate and home delivered meals, nutritional education, personal care, information and assistance, outreach, material aid, utility assistance, homemakers, recreation, legal assistance, health promotion, and transportation.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# B. Reporting Entity:

In 1964, the State of Louisiana passed Act 456 authorizing the charter of a voluntary council on aging for the welfare of the aging people in each parish of Louisiana. However, before the council on aging can begin operations in a specific parish, its application for a charter must receive approval from the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs pursuant to LA R.S. 46:1602. The functions of each council on aging in Louisiana must comply with the objectives of state laws and are governed by the policies and regulations established by GOEA.

The Webster Voluntary Council on Aging is a legally separate, non- profit, quasi-public corporation. It received its charter and began operations on October 19, 1970.

A board of directors, consisting of 11 voluntary members, who serve three-year terms, governs the Council. The board of directors is comprised of, but not limited to, representatives of the Parish's elderly population, general public, private businesses, and elected public officials. Board members are elected annually in the following manner:

- 3 members are selected from the general public to represent all sections of the parish and are drawn from, but not limited to, civic organizations, governmental agencies, business, and religious groups.
- 11 representatives, who must reside in the districts that they represent, are selected from each of the 2 Parish Council districts, to represent the elderly population in their respective districts.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30,2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# B. Reporting Entity: - (Continued)

Membership in the Council is open at all times, without restriction, to all residents of Webster Parish who have reached the age of majority and who express an interest in the Council and wish to contribute to or share in its programs. Membership fees are not charged.

Based on the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, the Webster Voluntary Council on Aging is not a component unit of another primary government nor does it have any component units that are related to it. In addition, based on the criteria set forth in GASB Codification section 2100, the council has presented its financial statements as a primary government, because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. As used in GASB Statement 14, the term fiscally independent means that the council without approval consent or of governmental entity, determine or modify its budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. As previously mentioned, GOEA establishes the policies and regulations that councils must follow. Included in its policies is a provision that the Council's budget be approved by GOEA. However, this approval process is part of GOEA's general oversight responsibility for the council and is more ministerial or compliance oriented substantive.

Accordingly, the Council is viewed as being fiscally independent for purposes of applying the reporting entity criteria of GASB Statement 14.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### C. Presentation of Statements:

The Council's statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in States of America as applicable governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing for state and local governments through its pronouncements ( Statements and Interpretations). Governments also required to follow are pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards issued (FASB) through November 30, 1989 Board (when applicable) that do not conflict with contradict GASB pronouncements.

The council has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds; however, the Council has chosen not to do so because it does not have any business-type activities or enterprise funds. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Council are discussed below.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant requirements in the Statement include the following:

A Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Council's overall financial position and results of operations.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

# C. Presentation of Statements (Continued)

Governmental-Wide Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Council's activities.

A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These requirements are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements). The Council has complied with the general provisions of the GASB Statement 34.

# D. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The Council's basic financial statements include both Government-Wide (reporting the Council as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Council Is major funds). Both the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Council's functions and programs have been classified as governmental activities. The Council does not have any business-type activities, fiduciary funds, or any component units that are fiduciary in nature. Accordingly, the Government-Wide financial statements — do not include any of these activities or funds.

In the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets, the governmental type activities column (a) is presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Council's net assets are reported in three parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

# D. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

net assets. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital Restricted net assets consist of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of or (2) law through constitutional other governments; provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net assets include all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

The Council's policy is to use restricted resources first to finance its activities except for nutrition services. When providing nutrition services, revenues earned by the Council under its USDA contract with GOEA can only be used to pay for the raw food component of each meal that is bought and served to a person eligible to receive a meal under one of the nutrition programs. The Council's management has discretion as to how and when to use the USDA revenues when paying for nutrition program costs. Quite often unrestricted resources are available for use that must be consumed or they will have to be returned to GOEA. In such cases it is better for management to elect to apply and consume the unrestricted resources before restricted resources. As a result, the Council will depart from its usual policy of using restricted resources first.

The Government-Wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Council's functions and significant programs. Many functions and programs are supported by general government revenues like intergovernmental revenues, and unrestricted net

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

# D. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

income, particularly if the function investment program has a net cost. The Statement of Activities begins by presenting gross direct and indirect expenses that include depreciation, and then reduces the expenses by related program revenues, such as operating and capital grants and contributions, to derive the net cost of each function or program. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or program to be used to directly offset its cost. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. The Council did not receive any capital-specific grants this year.

The Council allocates its indirect costs among various functions and programs in accordance with Circular A-87. The Statement of Activities shows this allocation in a separate column labeled "indirect cost allocation." In addition, GOEA provides grant funds to help the Council pay for a portion of its indirect costs. As a result, only the indirect costs in excess of the GOEA funds are allocated to the Council's other functions and programs.

The Government-Wide Statements focus upon the Council's ability to sustain operations and the change in its net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

# E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements:

The financial transactions of the Council are reported in individual funds in the Fund Financial Statements. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

# E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The Council uses governmental fund types. The focus of governmental funds' measurement (in the statements) is on determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than on net income. An additional emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental fund types. Α considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Council or if its total assets, liabilities. revenues, or expenditures are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type.

Governmental fund equity is called the fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved being further split into designated and undesignated. Reserved means that the fund balance is not available for expenditure because resources have already been expended (but not consumed), or a legal restriction has been placed on certain assets that makes them only available to meet future obligations. Designated fund balances result when management tentatively sets aside or earmarks certain resources to expend in a designated manner. In contrast to reserved fund balances, designated amounts can be changed at the discretion of management.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# E. Basic Financial Statements: Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Council:

- The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Council. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

A large percentage of the Council's special revenue funds are Title III funds. These funds are provided by the United States Department of Health and Human Services - Administration on Aging to the Governor's office of Elderly Affairs, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the council.

The Council has established several special revenue funds. The following is a brief, description of each special revenue fund's purpose:

# Major Special Revenue Funds

The Title III B Fund is used to account for funds, which are used to provide various units of supportive social services to the elderly. GOEA has established the criteria for defining a qualifying

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

unit of service for each Title III program. Specific supportive social services, along with the number of units provided during the fiscal year, are as follows:

Units

•	Information and Assistance	491
•	Outreach	185
•	Homemaker	4,574
•	Transportation for people	
	age 60 or older	4,518
•	Legal	34
•	Utility Assistance	105

The Title III C-1 Fund is used to account for funds that are used to provide nutritional, congregate meals to the elderly at meal sites located in Minden and surrounding areas. During the year the Council served 24,932 meals to people eligible to participate in this program. In addition to the meals serviced, the Council also provided 35 units of nutritional education to eligible participants.

The Title III C-2 Fund is used to account for funds that are used to provide nutritional meals to homebound older persons. Using Title III C-2 funds the Council served 34,080 meals during the year to people eligible to participate in this program.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

e. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements - (Continued)

# Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

The Title III C Area Agency Administration Fund is used to account for a portion of the indirect costs of administrating the Council's programs. Each fiscal year GOEA provides the Council with funds to help pay for the costs of administering the Council's special programs for the elderly. The amount of funding is not enough to pay for all the indirect costs. As a result, the Council will allocate its indirect costs to this fund first. Once the GOEA funds are completely used, any indirect costs, in excess of the funds provided by GOEA, are distributed to other funds and programs using a formula based on the percentage each program's direct costs bear to direct costs for all programs.

The Title III D Fund is used to account for funds used for disease prevention and health promotion activities. During the year 8,369 units of wellness service were provided to eligible participants in this program.

Senior Center Fund is used to account The for the administration of Senior Center program funds appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature to GOEA, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council. The purpose of this program is to provide a community service center at which elderly people can receive supportive social services and participate in activities which foster their independence, enhance their dignity, and encourage their involvement in and with the community. The senior center for Webster Parish is located in Minden. Senior Center funds can be used at management's discretion to support any of the Council's programs that benefit the elderly. Accordingly, during the fiscal year, the Senior Center Fund transferred all of its grant revenue to the Title III B Fund to

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements - (Continued)

subsidize that program's cost of providing supportive services to elderly persons who use the senior center.

The Nutritional Services Incentive Fund is used to account for the administration of the Food Distribution Program provided by the United State Department of Agriculture through the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council. GOEA distributes funds to each parish council on aging in Louisiana based on how many meals each council on aging served in the previous year in relation to the total meals served statewide by all councils. The primary purpose of the NSI reimbursement is to provide money to the Council so that United States food and commodities may be purchased to supplement nutrition programs.

The Utility Assistance Fund is used to account for the administration of utility assistance programs that are sponsored by local utility companies. The companies collect contributions from service customers and remit the funds to the parish councils on the aging to provide assistance to the elderly for the payment of utility bills. The Council receives its Project Care donations directly from Entergy Corporation. LP&L Helping Hands donations are provided through the Louisiana Association of councils on Aging, Inc. (LACOA). During the year, the Council was able to provide 105 units of service with these funds.

The Audit Fund is used to account for funds received from the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs that are restricted to use as a supplement to pay for the cost of having an annual audit of the Council's financial statements. The cost allocated to this fund is equal to the GOEA supplement. Excess audit costs have been distributed to other funds and programs using the Council's indirect cost allocation formula.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements - (Continued)

The Supplemental Senior Center Fund was established to account for funds that were appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature for the various councils on aging throughout Louisiana to supplement each council's primary grant for senior center operations and activities. The Webster Council on Aging, Inc. was one of the parish councils to receive a supplemental grant of \$3,367.

The money received by this fund during the year was transferred to Title III B Supportive Services to supplement programs.

The Title III E Care-giver Fund provides systems of support services for family care-givers and for older individuals who are relative care givers.

### F. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

# 1. Accrual Basis - Government-Wide Statements (GWFS):

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the Council as a whole. Both of these statements have been prepared using the economic measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# 2. Modified Accrual Basis - Fund Financial Statements (FFS):

accounting financial The and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount transaction can determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

The Council considers all revenues "available" if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exceptions to this general rule are that (1) unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt, if any, are recorded when due and (2) claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid with expendable available financial resources.

# G. Interfund Activity:

Interfund activity is reported as either loans or transfers. Loans between funds are reported interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. permanent reallocation Transfers represent a resources between funds. Transfers between funds are netted against one another as part of the reconciliation of the change in fund balances in the fund financial statements to the change in net assets in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### H. Investments:

GASB Statement 31 requires the Council to report its investments at fair value, except for investments in non-participating interest-earning contracts, such as non-negotiable certificates of deposit with redemption terms that do not consider market rates. This type of investment is reported using a cost- based measure, provided that the fair market value of the contract is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or other factors.

# I. Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures:

Prepaid expenses include amounts paid for services in advance. These are shown as assets on the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets.

In the Fund Financial Statements, the Council has elected not to include amounts paid for future services as expenditures until those services are consumed to comply with the cost reimbursement terms of grant agreements. As a result, the prepaid expenditures are shown as an asset on the balance sheet of the Fund Financial Statements until they are consumed. In addition, a corresponding amount of the fund balance of the General Fund has been reserved to reflect the amount of fund balance not currently available for expenditure.

# J. Capital Assets:

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets that have been purchased or acquired with an original cost of at least \$1,000

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# J. Capital Assets: (Continued)

and that have an estimated useful life of greater than one year. When purchased or acquired, these assets are recorded as capital assets in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. In contrast, in the Fund Financial Statements, capital assets are recorded as expenditures of the fund that provided the resources to acquire the asset. If the asset was purchased, it is recorded in the books at its cost. If the asset was donated, then it is recorded at its estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

For capital assets recorded in the Government-Wide Financial Statements, depreciation is computed and recorded using the straight-line method for the asset's estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: Building improvements - 20 years, equipment and vehicles - 5 - 7 years, computers - 3 years. Depreciation is not computed or recorded on capital assets for purposes of the Fund Financial Statements.

# K. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and petty cash. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at their carrying amounts that equal their fair values.

### L. Unpaid Compensated Absences:

The Council's policies for vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. Accordingly, a liability for the unpaid vacation leave has been recorded in the Government-Wide Statements. Management has estimated the current and long-term portions of this liability based on historical trends. The amount accrued as

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# June 30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# L. Unpaid Compensated Absences: (Continued)

the compensated absence liability was determined using the number of vested vacation hours for each employee multiplied by the employee's wage rate in effect at the end of the year.

In contrast, the governmental funds in the Fund only compensated Financial Statements report absence liabilities that payable are expendable available financial resources to extent that the liabilities mature (or come due for payment). Vacation leave does not come due for payment until an employee makes a request to use it employment with terminates the Council. Accordingly, no amounts have been accrued as fund liabilities as of year-end in the Fund Financial Statements. The differences in the methods accruing compensated absences creates a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide financial statement presentations.

The Council's sick leave policy does not provide for the vesting of sick leave thereby requiring the employee to be paid for any unused leave upon termination of, employment. Accordingly, no amounts have been accrued as unpaid compensated absences in the Government-Wide Financial Statements relative to sick leave.

# M. Allocation of Indirect Expenses:

The Council reports all direct expenses by function and programs of functions in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function or program. Indirect expenses are recorded as direct expenses of the Administration function. GOEA provides funds to partially subsidize the Council's Administration

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### June\_30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### M. Allocation of Indirect Expenses: (Continued)

unsubsidízed function. The net cost  $\alpha f$ the Administration function is allocated using a formula that is based primarily on the relationship the direct cost a program bears to the direct cost all programs. There are some programs that of cannot absorb any indirect cost allocation according to their grant or contract limitations.

#### N. Management's Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### O. Elimination and Reclassifications:

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Assets and, the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

#### P. Deferred Revenues:

The Council reports deferred revenues on its Statement of Net Assets and on the balance sheet of the Fund Financial Statements. Deferred revenues arise when the Council receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received before the occurrence of qualifying

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### June 30, 2006

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### P. Deferred Revenues: (Continued)

expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the Council has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

#### Note 2 - Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recorded in the Government-Wide Statements when they are earned under the accrual basis of accounting.

recorded in the Fund Revenues are Financial Statements using the modified accrual basis of accounting. in applying the susceptible to accrual concept using this basis of accounting, intergovernmental grant revenues, program service fees, and interest income are usually both measurable and available. However, the timing and amounts of the receipts of public support miscellaneous revenues are often difficult measure; therefore, they are recorded as revenue in the period received.

#### Note 3 - Cash

The Council maintains a consolidated bank account to deposit most of the monies it collects and to pay its bills. The consolidated bank account is available for use by all funds. The purpose of this consolidated account is to reduce administration costs and facilitate management. The consolidated account also allows those funds with available cash resources to temporarily cover any negative cash balances in other funds.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### June 30, 2006

#### Note 3. Cash (Continued)

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Council's cash balances on the books, which includes \$500 of petty cash, was \$18,697, whereas the related bank cash balances totaled \$52,652. The difference in the book and bank balances for cash relates primarily to deposits made and checks written which did not clear the bank accounts by year-end. All bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance.

#### Note 4 - Investments

The Council's primary purpose for investing is to earn interest income on money that its management has determined to be in excess of immediate cash needs. Louisiana Revised Statute 33:2955 sets forth a list of the types of investments in which a political subdivision may invest its temporarily idle funds.

At year-end, the Council's investments consisted of certificates of deposit.

Investments of \$300,000 are covered by federal deposit insurance. Investments of \$31,716 are collateralized by securities held by the depository bank in the Council's name.

#### Note 5 - Government Grants and Contracts Receivable

Government grants and contracts receivable represent amounts owed to the Council under a grant award or contract with a provider of federal, state, or local funds; such amounts being measurable and available as of year-end.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### JUNE 30, 2006

# Note 5 - Government Grants and Contracts (Continued)

Government grants and contracts receivable at yearend, consist of reimbursements for expenses incurred under the following programs:

NSIP	\$ 450
Title III D	1,989
Title III E	<u>2,110</u>
Total	\$ 4,549

#### Note 6 - Changes in Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
<u>Capital Asset</u>	s 07-01-05	Increases	Decreases	06-30-06
Automotive	\$ 67,895	\$ -	\$ 8,013	\$ 59,882
Furniture				
& equipment	6,529	-	2,954	3,575
Recreation				
equipment	5,495	_	~	5,495
Building	20,000	-	-	20,000
Other equipment	18,994			18,994
Subtotal _	118,913		10,967	107,946
Accumulated Depa	reciation:			
Vehicles	37,939	6,710	8,013	36,636
Furniture				
& Equipment	6,529	-	2,954	3,575
Recreation				
equipment	5,495	_	-	5,495
Building	237	475	-	712
Other equipment	15,113	2,281	<u> </u>	17,394
Subtotal	65,313	9,466	10,967	63,812
Net Assets	\$ 53,600			\$ 44,134

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### June 30, 2006

#### Note 6 - Fixed Assets - Continued

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Administration	\$ 1,680
Title III B	1,076
C-2 Home Delivered Meals	6,710
Total depreciation expense for	
governmental activities	<u>\$ 9,466</u>

#### Note 7 - Board of Directors' Compensation

The Board of Directors is a voluntary board; therefore, no compensation has been paid to any member. However, board members are reimbursed for any out-of-pocket costs they might incur on behalf of the council in accordance with the Council's applicable reimbursement policy.

#### Note 8 - Income Tax Status

The Council, a non-profit corporation, is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and as an organization that is not a private foundation as defined in Section 509(a) of the Code. It is also exempt from Louisiana income tax.

#### Note 9 - Economic Dependency

The Council receives the majority of its revenue through grants administered by the Louisiana Governor's office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA). The grant amounts are appropriated each year by the federal and state governments. If significant budget cuts are made at the federal and/or state level, the amount of funds the Council receives could be reduced significantly and have an adverse impact on its operations. Management is not aware of any actions that will adversely affect the amount of funds the council, will receive in the next fiscal year.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### June 30, 2006

#### Note 10 - Interfund Receivables and Payables

Because the Council operates most of its programs under cost reimbursement type grants, it has to pay for costs using its General Fund money and then request reimbursement for the advanced costs under the grant programs. Such advances create short-term interfund loans in the Fund Financial Statements. A summary of these interfund loans at year end, is as follows:

	Due From Other Funds	Due to Other Funds
General Fund Special Revenue Funds:	\$ - \$ 1,153	<u>\$ 1,153</u>
Special Revenue IIIE IIID NSIP Utility Assi		From (To) (2,110) (1,989) 1,576 3,676 \$ 1,153

These loans have been eliminated as a part of the consolidation process in preparing the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

#### Note 11 - Risk Management

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job related illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Council has purchased commercial insurance to cover or reduce the risk of loss that might arise should one of these incidents occur. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. No settlements were made during the current or prior three fiscal years that exceeded the Council's insurance coverage.

The Council's management has not purchased commercial insurance or made provision to cover or reduce the risk of loss, as a result of business interruption and certain acts of God, like floods or earthquakes.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### June 30, 2006

#### Note 12 - Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers to and from are listed by fund for the fiscal year as follows:

	Title	Title	Title	Title	
_	IIIB_	III C-1	III C-2	III D	Total
Transfer From					
PCOA	\$ 17,494	\$ -	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ -	\$ 17,494
General Fund	20,358	6,286	22,605	1	49,250
Total General	37,852	6,286	22,605	1	66,744
Special Revenu	e Funds:				
Non-Major Fund	s:				
NSIP	-	14,487	32,753	_	47,240
Senior Center	31,707	-	-	-	31,707
Supplemental					
Sr Center	3,367				3,367
Total Special					
Revenue	<u>35,074</u>	14,487	32,753		82,314
Total all	\$ 72,926	<u>\$ 20,773</u>	\$ 55,358	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 149,058</u>

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and to (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

These transfers were eliminated as a part of the consolidation process in preparing the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

#### Note 13 - Related Party Transactions

There were no significant related party transactions during the year.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### <u>June 30, 2006</u>

#### Note 14 - Changes in Long-Term Debt

The only long-term debt the Council had during the year related to compensated absences. The following is a schedule of the changes in long-term debt for the accrued compensated absences:

Current balance \$ 8,044

Total Governmental Activity

Long-Term Debt <u>\$ 6,757</u>

#### Note 15 - In-Kind Contributions

The Council received various in-kind contributions during the year. No amounts have been reflected in the accompanying financial statements for in-kind contributions in as much as the in-kind contributions do not create a nonfinancial asset.

# WEBSTER COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted .	Amounts _	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget		
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis		vorable avorable)	
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs Webster Parish Police Jury Contributions Miscellaneous	\$ 18,056 26,300 3,799 8,042	\$ 18,506 \$ 26,300 3,799 8,042	18,506 26,300 23,280 8,015	\$ 	- - 19,481 <u>27</u> )	
Total Revenues	56,647	56,647	76,101		19,454	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Personnel	-	-	-		-	
Fringe	-	_	-		-	
Travel	0.010	9,010	146 9.782	<b>\</b>	146) 772)	
Operating Services Operating Supplies	9,010	9,010	9,762	,	95)	
Other Costs	_	_		`	- 501	
Capital outlay					<u> </u>	
Total Expenditures	9,010	9,010	10,023		1,013)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	47,637	47,637	66,078		18,441	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in						
Transfers out	<u>(49, 164</u> )	(49,164)	(66,744)		17,580)	
Total other financing sources and uses	(49, 164)	(49,164)	( 66,744)		17,580)	
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	( 1,527)	( 1,527) (	666)		861	
FUND BALANCES						
Beginning of year,	<u>351,426</u>	351,426	351,426			
End of year	<u>\$349,899</u>	\$349,899	\$_350.760	<u>\$</u>	861	

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Supportive Services Fund

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts GAAP	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Basis	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	4 40 400	# 60 000 f		•
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs Public Support	12,300	\$ 92,283 \$ _12,300	92,283 14,031	\$ - 1,731
rabic support	12,300	12,500	14,031	1,/31
Total Revenues	104,583	104,583	106,314	1,731
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Personnel	121,825	120,901	119,877	1,024
Fringe	9,026	9,514	9,178	336
Travel	7,075	7,007	7,058	( 51)
Operating Services Operating Supplies	25,908 10,875	29,740 11,964	30,354 12,694	( <b>614</b> ) ( 730)
Other Costs	3,170	11,964	12,634	( 730)
Other costs	3,170			
Total Expenditures	177,879	179,213	179,240	( 27)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(73,296)	( 74,630)	(72,926)	1,704
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	73,296	74,630	72,926	(1,704)
Transfers out	<del></del>			
Total other financing sources and uses	73,296	74,530	72,926	1,704
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances				
Wet increase (decrease) in fund balances	-	_	_	_
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of year				_
End of year	s -	s -	s -	s -
		· <del></del>		4

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Title III C-1 Fund

# For the year ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final	Actual Amounts GAAP Basis	Variance with <u>Final Budget</u> Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental					
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 84,139 \$ 84,139		\$ -		
Public Support	<u>22,300</u> <u>19,650</u>	20,401	751		
Total Revenues	106,439 103,789	104,540	751		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Personal	51,011 48,173		( 1,288)		
Fringe	3,779 3,791		( 131)		
Travel	752 262		5		
Operating Services	8,923 9,459		( 2)		
Operating Supplies	1,317 1,625		145		
Other Costs	430 431		36		
Meals	<u>60,750</u> <u>61,150</u>	60,337	813		
Total Expenditures	<u>126,962</u> <u>124,891</u>	125,313	( 422)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(20,523) (21,102	) (20,773)	329		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	20,523 21,102	20,773	( 329)		
Transfers out	20,323 21,102	20,713	( 329)		
Total other financing sources and uses	20,523 21,102	20,773	( 329)		
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances		_	_		
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of year		<del></del>			
End of year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u>		

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Title III C-2 Fund

# For the year ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted a		Actual Amounts GAAP Basis	Variance with <u>Final Budget</u> Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES Intergovernmental						
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs Public Support	\$ 92,630 23,300	\$ 92,630 \$ 25,700	92,630 26,373	\$ - 673		
Total Revenues	115,930	118,330	119,003	673		
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Personnel	65,208	60,917	60,870	47		
Fringe	4,831	4,793	4,630	163		
Travel	14,750	13,086	12,873	213		
Operating Services	10,476	10,187	10,402	( 215)		
Operating Supplies	1,211	1,149	1,210	( 61)		
Other Costs	460	456	419	37		
Meals	91,125	83,307	83, <del>9</del> 57	( 650)		
Capital outlay						
Total Expenditures .	188,061	173,895	174,361	( 466)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	( 72, 131)	<u>( 55,565</u> )	<u>(55,358</u> )	207		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		•				
Transfers in	72,131	55,565	55,358	( 207)		
Transfers out						
Total other financing sources and uses	72, 131	55,565	55,358	( 207)		
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances		-	-	-		
FUND BALANCES						
Beginning of year		_	_	_		
9		-		<del></del>		
End of year	\$	<u>s</u> -	<u>s</u>	<u>\$</u>		

# Combining Statement of Program Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Area Agency Admin		tle IID		Title IIIE		Senior Center
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental:								
Governor's Office of								
Elderly Affairs	\$	24,993	\$ 3	3,978	\$	31,180	\$	31,707
Federal Emergency								
Food & Shelter				_		-		-
Public Support:								
Restricted - Utility								
Programs		_		-		-		_
Client Contributions						1,687	_	
Total revenues		24,993		3,978		32,867	_	31,707
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Salaries		18,085		795		24,483		-
Fringe		1,423		60		1,930		-
Travel		47		2		2,503		-
Operating services		4,775		200		2,761		-
Operating supplies		617		2,772		1,175		-
Other costs		46		150		15		-
Meals		-		-				_
Utility assistance		-		_		-		-
Capital outlay								
•								
Total expenditures	_	24,993		<u>3,979</u>	_	32,867		
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over								
expenditures		-	(	1)		-		31,707
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in		_		1		_		
Operating transfers out		-		_		_		(31,707)
of	-					·	_	,
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues and other								
sources over								
expenditures and								
other uses				-		-		-
FUND BALANCES								
Beginning of year		-		_		_		<u>-</u>
beginning or your							_	
End of year	\$		\$		Ş	_	\$	

NSIP	FEMA	Audit	Utility <u>Assistance</u>	Supple. Senior Center	Totals
\$ 37,200	- \$	2,434 :	<b>⊋</b> −	\$ 3,367 \$	134,859
-	2,000	-	_	-	2,000
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	9,963	<del>-</del>	9,963 1,687
<u>37,200</u>	2,000	2,434	9,963	3,367	148,509
- - - - -	2,000	- - 2,434 - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	43,363 3,413 2,552 10,170 6,564 211
		<u>-</u>	7,058		7,058
	2,000	2,434	7,058		73,331
37,200	-	-	2,905	3,367	75,178
(47,2 <u>40</u> )		<del>-</del>		<u>(3,367</u> )	<u>(82,314</u> )
(10,040)	-	-	2,905	-	( 7,135)
<u>10,040</u>	2,026				12,837
<u>\$ - \$</u>	2,026	-	<u>\$ 3,676</u>	<u>s - </u>	<u>\$ 5,702</u>

# Statement of General Fixed Assets and Changes in General Fixed Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		alance June 30, 2005	<u>Addi</u>	<u>tions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>		lance une 30, 2006
General Fixed Assets, at cost	:						
Automotive	\$	67,895	\$	-	\$ 8,013	\$	59,882
Furniture and equipment		6,529		_	2,954	·	3,575
Recreation equipment		5,495		-	-		5,495
Building		20,000		_	_		20,000
Other equipment		18,994			. <u> </u>		18,994
Total	\$	118,913	\$	-	<u>\$10,967</u>	\$	107,946
Investment in General Fixed A	sse	ts:					
PCOA	\$	10,728	\$	_	\$ -	\$	10,728
DOTD		26,845		-	-		26,845
Local		78,830		-	9,712		69,118
Title III E Caregiver		2,510			1,255		1,255
Total	\$	118,913	\$		<u>\$10,967</u>	\$	107,946



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc. Minden, Louisiana

I have audited the financial statements of Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc. Louisiana as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued my report thereon dated July 21, 2006. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc.'s financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, I noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that I consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to my attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in my judgment, could adversely affect Webster Voluntary Council on

Aging, Inc's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding # 2006-1.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. My consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, I consider Finding #1 to be a material weakness.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors, and applicable federal and state cognizant agencies and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than the specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Certified Public Accountant

Marcha D. Millian

July 21, 2006

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

### <u>June 30, 2006</u>

#### FINDING 2006-1:

<u>Criteria:</u> The segregation of duties is inadequate to provide effective internal control.

Cause: The cause is due to economic and space limitations.

Recommendation: No action is recommended.

Management's Corrective Action Plan: We concur with the finding.

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings

# June 30, 2006

## PRIOR YEAR FINDING # 2005-1:

The segregation of duties is inadequate to provide effective internal control.

# CORRECTIVE ACTION TAKEN:

None was recommended and none was taken.